



IN UNION THERE IS STRENGTH.

DANVILLE, KY.,

Friday Morning, Feb. 18, 1853.

FAIR ON THE 22D.—The Ladies of the Methodist Church, will hold a Fair at the Court house on Tuesday next. A sumptuous dinner will be prepared at the usual hour, and at night an oyster supper will be served. The refreshment table will be well filled with the delicacies of the season, together with fancy articles, &c. The proceeds are to be used in a commendable manner, and we hope the Fair will be well patronized.

THE CONGRESSIONAL CHURCH.

We publish in another column, a letter from Col. THOS. B. BRAMLETTE, in answer to one of the numerous calls made upon him to become the Whig candidate for Congress in this District. This letter breathes the right spirit, and is such an answer as we would expect from Col. Bramlette. He is a true Whig, and values the success of the glorious principles of the Whig party far above the prospect of personal ambition. He will become a candidate, however, if chosen by the convention, or given the track without a Whig competitor.

Major WARD is, we believe, understood to be a candidate for re-election. The Major has made a good representative, and our accounts from the capital are very much in his favor. He has many warm and admiring friends in the district, and he deserves them; but we suppose that they will all agree to any plan which is calculated to secure the greatest good to the party.

There may be other Whigs whose friends desire them to become candidates for this district; but, as it may, there are already two, which is just one more than is wanted. The *Sunshine Gazette*, in the remarks which we publish from that paper proceeding Col. Bramlette's letter, proposes to obtain an expression of the wishes of the district in regard to a candidate, by holding a district convention at Middlesboro, on the 31st of May to April. We have ever objected to the holding of conventions, if they can be well avoided; but if one is indispensable, to prevent the possibility of Whig candidates, we advance no objection to such a necessity. But we would beg leave, in this case, to suggest to our friend of the *Gazette*, and the Whigs of the district, that, in addition to a convention, they be prepared for a few weeks at least, and perhaps in that time some arrangements may be made which will secure harmony among the friends of the different candidates, and be satisfactory to all concerned. These conventions, as a general thing, are productive of much ill feeling, and the friends of disappointed aspirants rarely enter into the support of the one chosen with that zeal which should characterize true Whigs. We repeat, then, that we would be glad to see the Whigs of this district avoid them, if it can be done without endangering the success of our cause. Our own feelings may lead us to prefer one man to another, but let the Whig candidate be who he may, if he possesses the proper qualifications, none will be found more zealous in his support than ourselves.

If a convention, however, is to be held at all, would not either Liberty or James, being near the centre of the district, be preferable to Middlesboro?

KENTUCKY FLAG.—A. D. MAVERA, Esq., has become associate editor of the Covington Flag. He is of course a thoroughbred Democrat, and, judging from his "low editorial," will prove of much advantage to the paper.

SENATOR DIXON.—We learn that the Hon. A. Dixon arrived at Henderson Sunday evening last, on the steamer Gen. Pike.

THE FLORIDA WAR.—It is said that about 1000 volunteers are prepared, in Florida, to take the field against the Seminole Indians, whenever the authorities say the word. The N. O. Delta has late advices, but makes no mention of the report that Billy Bowlegs had declared war against the United States, nor any reference to a massacre of troops, as stated in the Savannah papers.

Georgia is a model state. She has 800 miles of railroad in operation. Her credit is of the highest order, her six per cent bonds selling at a heavy premium, and she now gives notice of her readiness to pay the interest on her bonds for the next six months in advance.

THE FLOOD EAST.—The Philadelphia papers mention that the recent flood in the Susquehanna river has proved very disastrous. All communication to the various towns on the river, by land or telegraph, having been cut off in consequence, the destruction of property has been immense.

COUNTING THE VOTE.—A Washington despatch of the 9th inst., says: "The Senate and House convened to-day in the House, for the purpose of counting the vote for President and Vice President. The galleries were filled with spectators. The returns were read, and upon joint motion Franklin Pierce and W. R. King were announced as President and Vice President for four years from the 4th of March." Committees from both Houses were then appointed to wait upon Gen. Pierce, and inform him of his election.

GRAHAM'S MAGAZINE.—Graham for March comes to us loaded as usual with the gems of American literature. This number is an unusually large one, and contains many articles of rare merit. It seems that Graham's severe, though just criticism of Uncle Tom's Cabin, directed more particularly at the effect produced by such works as that of Mrs. Stowe, has brought upon him the undeserved censure of some of the fanatical abolition editors, and in the March number he answers them in a manner well calculated to cool their ardor.

That Uncle Tom's Cabin has injured the social standing of this country abroad, cannot be denied. It is quoted all over the European continent as showing in true colors, the treatment of the blacks in every Southern State, in every dwelling, and on every plant, and in some of the States of Europe an American Slaveholder is looked upon as a perfect cannibal in feeling, and not quite as much deserving of social regard as a brute. That some persons treat slaves badly in every portion of the country where they are held, no one can deny, but as Mrs. Stowe's book being a true sketch of the system of slavery as practiced generally in this country, nothing can be more false and absurd.

THE CITY COUNCIL OF LEXINGTON has fixed the price of license to sell liquor in that city at \$5.00.

PORK.—Mess Pork is selling in Louisville at \$15 @ \$15.25. Sales in Cincinnati at \$14.75 @ \$14.93.

LOUISIANA.—A telegraphic despatch from New Orleans, of the 11th, says: "Both Houses of the Legislature refused to-day to go into an election of United States Senator by a large majority."

So Mr. Benjamin (Whig) retains his seat.

THE SEMINOLES.—A PITHY REPLY.—A recent letter from Gen. Pike smites that threat, persuasions and bribes have all failed in inducing the Seminoles to emigrate. The last effort was the transmission of \$1,500 to Billy Bowlegs to induce him and his party to leave. Billy promptly returned the money with this reply: "The chief of the Seminoles has no money."

THE ENGLISH PAPERS tell us that swarms of abolition agents are now traversing England, telling a pious story about Mrs. Stowe, and that they represent as living in a garret in a state of wretched destitution and suffering.

FIRST APPOINTMENT.—The President elect has made his first appointment.—The Portland Advertiser states that he has appointed Mr. Wm. R. Mitchell to the office of coachman, and that the prominent individual is as good a Whig as ever snatched a whip.

THE GABRIEL SHIP.—Rerisson sailed from New York for Norfolk on the 15th, sailing six miles per hour at ebb tide.

DURING A DEBATE in the U. S. House of Representatives, on Friday, Mr. Ficklin, of Illinois, was making a speech against the new Banks in the district.

He was opposed to Banks. Illinois had the Cairo Banks, the Shawneetown Bank, and others, but they blew up. He was against the whole of them. They were worthless concerns.

A VOICE.—Had you any Faro Banks [laughter].

Mr. Ficklin.—Yes, and they are the most honest of the two kinds of Banks. My friend can speak feelingly upon the subject. [Renewed laughter.]

The Oldest Inhabitant dead!—Mary Benton, "the oldest woman in the world," died at Elton, England, on the 10th ult. If she had survived until the 13th February inst., she would have attained the unprecedented age of 132 years.

GOOD SHOOTING.—The Louisville Courier says that Mr. A. J. Bass of Harrodsburg, Ky., a few days since killed five quails in seven shots, at a distance of 325 yards. The gun used was one of Miller's rifles, and the young man shot without a rest. If anybody can beat this, we should like to have his name.

ACCIDENT AND DEATH.—Sunday evening week, as Dr. T. Salter and wife, residing in Newport, were sleeping, their bed clothes took fire from a lighted candle placed on a chair near the bed. The clothes were soon enveloped in flames; and before the Doctor and his wife could get out of the bed they were both badly burned. Mrs. Salter died from the effects on Monday night, and Dr. S. was considered in a critical condition.

The population of Havana is one hundred and eighty-five thousand.

HELD TO BAIL.—We learn from the Louisville Courier that Thomas Head, the jailer at La Grange, has been held to bail in the sum of \$4,000 on a similar charge of aiding and abetting in the escape of Howard, the prisoner, from the Oldham county jail. John Wheeler, the assistant jailer, or guard, was also held to bail in the sum of \$3,000 on a similar charge. Both gave the requisite bail and were discharged, instead of being lodged in the same jail from whence they had suffered the prisoner to escape.

Three of the guards, or assistants of the jailer, were recognized by the Court in answer to an indictment for misdemeanor, in negligently permitting a prisoner to escape, the penalty for which is a fine.

The Grand Jury investigated the matter most thoroughly, and deserve the thanks of the community for their promptitude.

LEXINGTON AND FRANKFORT RAILROAD.—We are enabled, says the Observer and Reporter, by the courtesy of the President of the Lexington & Frankfort Railroad Company, to give the receipts of the road for the last three months. The increase of the present over last year's business speaks well for the management of the road.

	1851	1852
November,	\$7,150 34	8,753 14
December,	6,901 49	6,628 40
January,	4,806 29	6,981 98
	13,858 12	24,313 52
		13,858 12

Increase 30 per cent or \$5,455 30

MR. KING'S HEALTH.—Mr. King reached Havana on the 6th inst. in improved health.

VALENTINES.—About seven or eight hundred Valentines passed through the post office at this place on Monday last.

GEN. PIERCE.—The President elect arrived at Boston, en route for the Capital on the 14th. He was privately received, as he requests to be all along his route. A despatch from Concord, says he has found his Cabinet, but none know who are chosen except the selected members of it.

ENGLAND AND FRANCE.—The journals are some of them predicting a speedy war between these two countries. England is not satisfied with Napoleon's declarations of peace, and preparations are being made which at least look rather warlike.

CALIFORNIA EMIGRATION.—The steamship *Georgia* sailed from New York on Saturday for Aspinwall with the large number of nine hundred and sixty passengers, all bound for California.

NO EXTRA SESSION.—The Frankfort Yeoman contains the following semi-official announcement:

We have noticed of late that several papers have called upon us to know the intentions of Gov. Powell, in regard to convening the Legislature, for the purpose of redistricting the State. In answer to these, we are authorized to state that the Executive, having fully considered the question, sees no solid grounds for calling an extra session at this purpose. The matter will be left for the attention of the next regular session of the Legislature.

Mr. John C. White was murdered on the 11th of January last, near Pickensville, Marion county, by his brother-in-law, Lemuel B. Franks. Both parties were in a state of intoxication.

HON. W. T. WARD.—The Washington correspondent of the Louisville Courier, under date of the 5th inst., says, of the representative in Congress from this district:

Major Ward, the member from the Greensburg district, Ky., will be a candidate for re-election. His friends here have been much gratified to find him willing to come to Washington again. I am sure his constituents cannot do better than to return him. He is a prompt and vigilant member, and always commands the attention of the House. He is also a most indefatigable and attentive member in prosecuting the claims of his friends before the Departments—devoting his time when not in the House to his constituents.

From the *Sanspareil Gazette*, Letter from Col. Bramlette.

Below we give a letter from Col. THOS. B. Bramlette, in regard to the next race for Congress. Reported calls having been made upon him both through the paper, and by letters from various parts of the District, he has addressed this letter to publish it.

This letter breathes the right spirit, and shows a patriotic devotion to the interests of the Whig party. Col. Bramlette possesses the entire confidence of the Whigs of the District, and would reflect credit upon his constituents, in the halls of Congress.

We have had the pleasure also of seeing a letter from our present Representative, Major Ward, which is characterized by the proper spirit, wherein he expresses a willingness to make another canvass, and desires a re-election, if it will not be unacceptable to the Whigs of the District.

We trust that some mode will be adopted by which the wishes of the District may be expressed. We suggest the propriety of holding a convention in Middlesboro, at the April Term of the Wayne Circuit Court, which will be the third Monday. Let the meetings be held at county or circuit courts held in March in the respective counties and appoint Delegates.

We should like to have the views of our neighbor of the Danville Tribune, and of all others interested. We have no preference as to the mode, but we believe a convention the best, under present circumstances.

COLUMBIA, KY., Jan. 31, 1853.

MR. H. W. TURTLE.—Your letter of the 14th, came to hand on the day of its date. I was not fully determined in my own mind, at the time of its reception, as to the course I should pursue, in relation to the subject of its contents—the race for Congress. My feelings and private interests lead me to avoid political aspirations—and to decline mingling in the strife for political office. And I do not now wish to do so. But it has been with me, a principle of action, always to do my duty in every relation of life, as nearly as I could. And holding it to be a primary duty of every good citizen, to obey the call of his country when his services are sought, I cannot turn a deaf ear to the calls which have been made for me from various points of the district. It would be unfeeling, as well as unthankful in me to do so; and especially, when some, in their too partial kindness perhaps for me, have gone so far as to express the conviction that my consenting to run is necessary to the harmony of our political friends, and the success of our principles in the district.

Although I do not suppose they are correct in the importance they attach to my making the race; yet, the feelings which prompt them in their too generous estimate of my consequence to success, cannot but meet with a grateful response in my bosom. I have therefore determined, that if I am selected as the man to make the race, to do so. The friends must determine for themselves as to the mode they will pursue in bringing forth their candidate—whether by county meetings or by Convention, or otherwise. I have thought that county meetings would more truly reflect the wishes of the people, and where unanimity existed would save the trouble of a Convention. Without unanimity I have no desire to make the race, for I have no thirst for political honors. My only political ambition and aspirations, are for the good of my country, and the preservation of those free institutions, sacred to us by the blood, and consecrated by the wisdom of our Fathers, and which are as dear to my heart, as our own pulsations. You will therefore, understand, that I have no personal feelings of ambition to gratify, but will make the race if selected by the voice of the district in any mode they may adopt. And should the desire of the district center in some other person, it will be as gratifying to me as to any man in the district.

I have never regarded any man's claims as above that of the political party with which he is identified. And I look with fixed distrust upon any man, who will, from motives of personal aggrandizement, jeopardize the principles, which he professes to hold essential to the good of the country. All such action, I set down as a clear mark of political and moral delinquency. And should I become a candidate, I will, by which I judge others, let the same judgment and condemnation rest upon me.

You are at liberty to say to my friends in Wayne and elsewhere, that I am willing to make the race upon condition that I am selected to do so by the political party with whom I have ever been my honest convictions of duty to connect. I do not court, nor will I avoid the race; but will cheerfully conform to the will of those who have the right to control.

I shall not declare myself unless I am selected in some mode or other as the choice to make this race. It may be that upon a free interchange of opinions, some other gentleman may be more desirable to the district. If so, it will be no sacrifice upon my part to yield him the race. No man has claims, who only pretensions. It is the people, who hold the claim upon the services of any of their fellow-citizens; and it is only a duty which the citizen performs, when he yields those services at the call of his countrymen. It will therefore, be without any claim or pretension upon my part, and wholly in obedience to the claim of the people, that I will make the race. I will yield to their demand, but set up no pretensions or claims of my own. You now have an honest transcript of my feelings upon this subject.

Yours truly,
THOS. B. BRAMLETTE

For the Kentucky Tribune.
OUR COUNTY JAIL.

Messrs. Editors—I notice in your paper of the 11th of February, an article headed "Our County Jail," and signed "A Citizen;" and while I readily agree with him that something should be done to remedy the evil complained of, I think the remedy proposed by "A Citizen" would be a failure, and instead of reducing our taxes would increase them.

In the first place, the location of the thing called a jail, situated as it is, if you place a wall 50 feet high, it would not prevent the escape of prisoners; it would not be sealed or half-broken down without, perhaps any person knowing it until too late. 2d. So far as breaking rock is concerned, it would cost more to get the rock within the proposed wall than they would be worth when placed on the streets, there being no way of getting any vehicle to the place larger than a wheelbarrow, and even that very difficult. For these reasons and many others, I am satisfied that every dollar expended in patching up the jail in any manner in the present location, will be a useless waste of money, from which no permanent benefit will be derived. In order to bear me out in this conclusion, I refer all who feel interested in the matter to the records of our courts, where they can see the amounts already expended in patchwork about this concern, and they will find that already there have been drawn from their pockets sufficient funds, if properly appropriated, to have erected a prison sufficient for all the purposes for which it was intended, and that, too, in a suitable location, not in an out of the way place, thereby inviting, as it were, the friends of prisoners to assist them in escaping.

It will be a saving of money to procure a lot in a suitable place, and get some mechanic this time, to erect a jail, one that will need no patchwork. Let

the town of Danville, if they want a work house, assist the county in its erection in such manner as they may agree upon.—Our county court, it would seem, should feel some interest in the matter as they are liable to be fined pretty heavily for not keeping a sufficient jail.

Further, Messrs. Editors, as regards the present location of the jail, it is anything but desirable, situated in the centre of the square, where the stench from all the fish of backyards, privies, hog pens, stables, &c., &c., centre, and make it very disagreeable and unhealthy. There are many other reasons why the location should be changed, and there is no question but such a move would meet the approbation of the entire county. County pride would suggest it. The Boyle county jail has become a byword in a disgrace to the county; it is a nuisance, and should be abandoned.

P. S. Judging from the recent improvements on the public grounds, we would suppose that we have among us able architects, such as could be relied on in the construction of the proposed new edifice.

Special Notice.

DEPOSIT BANK OF DANVILLE.—We are requested to call the attention of the stockholders of this bank to an advertisement in another column concerning the payment of subscriptions.

SPRING DRY GOODS.—We would invite attention to the advertisement of DANFORTH & SON, Louisville, Ky. These gentlemen import largely, and are known to be the right kind of dealers.

We are authorized to announce NATHAN W. PIERCE a candidate for Constable in the Second District of Boyle county, at the ensuing May election.

For the Kentucky Tribune.

CRAIG ORCHARD, KY., Feb. 7, 1853.

WILLIAM O. HANFORD, Esq.

SIR: A large number of your fellow citizens, having the most implicit confidence in your integrity and talents to represent Lincoln county in the next General Assembly, would respectfully solicit you to become a candidate for that office at the next August election.

Your compliance with this request, will secure you the support of

MANY VOTERS.

Messrs. J. F. ZIMMERMAN & SON: Sir: In the Tribune of the 22nd ult., a call by "Danville Voters," is made upon me to become a candidate for the Lower Branch of the Legislature. I am under lasting obligations to any kind friends for their favorable notice of me, but must decline the honor for the following reasons, viz:

1st. I hold a higher office and commission than any place which the suffrages of my fellow-citizens could confer.

2d. It would not be wise to legislate for three dollars per day, and board myself, when I can make at least five, with board gratis.

3d. If I could obtain my own consent, the ladies would most certainly object to it.

4th. The able "editorials of the 'Olive Branch'" must suffice for my gratuitous labors for the public. I am occasionally, if solicited, give the cause of Temperance a helping-hand by Public Lectures.

Yours, respectfully,
J. J. POLK.

WE are authorized to announce W. C. ANDERSON, Esq., a candidate for re-election to the Legislature from Boyle county.

WE are authorized to announce Mr. ARNER H. OWINGS a candidate for Constable in the 4th District, at the ensuing May election.

Stockholders of the

Deposit Bank of Danville!

THE provisions of the charter having been complied with, this bank will go into operation on Tuesday, the 1st day of March next, and it is particularly desirous that the Stockholders should pay as much of their subscription as possible on that day. Each Stockholder will receive dividend in proportion to the amount paid at that time.

C. RODES, President.

J. A. BERTON, J. B. FISHER, J. R. FORD, J. C. HANCOCK, Directors.

Partnership.

D. A. RUSSEL having taken into partnership with Mr. Geo. W. WATERS, the business of retailing will be conducted in the name of **WELSH & RUSSEL.** They will in a short time have a complete assortment of Dry Goods, Hardware, Groceries, Iron, Nails, &c., &c.

And intend keeping a general assortment of articles in the line of all which they will sell as low as the lowest, and would thank their friends and the public generally to give them a call.

D. A. RUSSEL.

Danville, Feb. 11, 1853.

Special Notice.

HAVING made a change in my business, it becomes necessary to close up the old concern. I therefore earnestly request all those indebted to me to call and square up.

Feb. 18, '53 D. A. RUSSEL.

Hemp for Sale.

I HAVE on hand about 30 Tons of Hemp, which I wish to sell, to be taken from the house. At the present time, the hemp is not broken out, but which will be ready for delivery in April. Persons wishing to purchase can examine the Hemp and see that the terms by calling on my son, at my farm, one mile south of Danville, on the Lexington turnpike.

WILLIAM CRAIG.

Feb. 18, '53

FRESH GROCERIES.

JUST received and for sale low for Cash: 11 lbs N. O. Sugar; 3 lbs refined "do" can't be beat; 7 lbs single & double refined Crushed Sugar; 20 sacks Old Baltimore Rice; 10 lbs Golden Syrup and Molasses; A large lot Star and Mould Candles.

Feb. 18 J. M. NICHOLS.

Chewing Tobacco!

THE finest Virginia Tobacco ever brought to this county, (so says Col. C. B. Younger), for sale by

J. M. NICHOLS.

SPRING DRY GOODS—1853.

THE subscribers, having removed to No. 4-5, Main street, are now receiving their Spring Dry Goods of DRY GOODS, embracing a large and complete variety of

Simple, Fancy and Dress Goods. Their stock is new and beautiful, has been selected with great care, and will be sold at the very lowest prices. COUNTRY MERCHANTS are respectfully invited to call. J. DANFORTH & SON, No. 4-5, Main st., between 11th and 12th, Feb. 18, 53—1853. LOUISVILLE, KY.

HARRISON'S COLUMBIAN PERFUMERY.

A LARGE stock of this celebrated Perfumery just received, consisting in part of the following articles: For the Toilet—Lemon Range, Lip Balm, Ammoniac, Cold Cream, Toilet Powder, &c. For the Toilet—Paris Flower Cologne, Toilet Water, Andalusian Cologne, &c. For the Hair—Best Morocco, Castilian, Philadelphia, Rose Oil, Hair Dye, &c. For the Teeth—Rose Paste and Powder, and Ebony Paste. Toilet Soap—Rose, Patchouly, Almond, Bergamot, Amberine, Crystal, Windsor and other Soaps. For the Body—Rose, Andalusian and Almond Creams; Military and Barber's Soaps. FLAVORING EXTRACTS—12 of the most approved varieties. The Ladies are particularly requested to call and examine this Perfumery. It cannot fail to please them.

Feb. 18, '53 J. C. HEWEY.

First Arrival—1853.

J. M. NICHOLS

IS now receiving, direct from the Eastern cities, a large lot of Goods, consisting of the following articles:

A handsome lot of Prints; 3-4, 7-8, and 4-4 Bleached Domestic; 10-4 and 11-4 "do" "do" "do"; Pillow-Case Muslins; Stripes and Plaid for servant's dresses; Heavy 7-8 and 4-4 Osmaburg; 10-4 Drills and Cottonades; Drills for coats; 3-4, 7-8, 4-4 and 4-10 in Bed Tickings. As I intend to sell some of the Goods that are sold in this city the present year, I intend to call and examine the stock and see if we are not as cheap as the cheapest for the Cash. Give us a fair chance by trying cash in hand. We wish to use no lambasting, but mean what we say—we can and will sell as low as the lowest on the same terms. I will also sell as any house on a credit until January 1st, 1854, to prompt paying customers. J. M. NICHOLS Feb. 18, '53

Order No. 31

30 BBL'S. just received and for sale by

Feb. 18 J. M. NICHOLS.

REMOVAL.

150 GALLONS London Tar, for sale by

Feb. 18 J. M. NICHOLS.

REMOVAL.

NEW BOOKS

Saddles, Harness, Trunks,

SADDLERS' HARDWARE, &c. &c.

THE subscriber respectfully

fully informs his patrons

and the public generally,

that he has removed his

house one door below

Shurt's Drug-Store, and

that he now has on hand a very large and

superior stock of

SADDLES,

Of every description; among them will be

found Kidney's Patent Spanish Saddle,

the best Saddle for both Man and Horse ever

used. Carriage, Baggy and Wagon

seats, Harness, Saddlery, &c. &c.

Any article in my line will be made to order

attended to.

W. H. LINNEY.

